# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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# **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Grand Saline Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Van Zandt</u> County	234-904 Co. Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached au	·	
approved/disapproved for trustees of such school district on	,	at a meeting of the board of school
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board I	President
orgination of Bourt Coording	orginate of Board .	, resident
If the auditor's report was checked above as disa necessary):	approved, the reasons(s) therefor	re is/are (attached list if

FINANCIAL SECTION

# RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd.

Greenville, Texas 75401

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

\_\_\_\_\_

Members of the Board

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grand Saline Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grand Saline Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Independent Auditor's Report – Continued

## Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 11, 2021 Greenville, Texas

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Certified Public Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Members of the Board

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grand Saline Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 11, 2021.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Report on Internal Control - Continued

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 11, 2021 Greenville, Texas

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# NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

## Members of the Board

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Grand Saline Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

# Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance - Continued

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 11, 2021 Greenville, Texas

# Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements –

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material Weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

compliance for major programs

Unmodified Opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance No

Identification of major programs Title I Cluster:

ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs

(84.010)

ESSA Title I Part D - Delinquent

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs \$ 750,000

Entity qualified as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entity Texas Education Agency

Corrective	Action	Plans (	(Section	V)
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This section of Grand Saline Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's Net Position was \$ 12,875,048 at year end.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 1,723,515 less than the \$ 16,693,985 in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- Expenses in the current year increased 6.83% over the prior year while revenues increased only 6.09%.
- The District experienced disruption in traditional educational services due to state and national responses to the COVID-19 pandemic during the year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7,398,253, an increase of \$1,396,976 from the prior year.

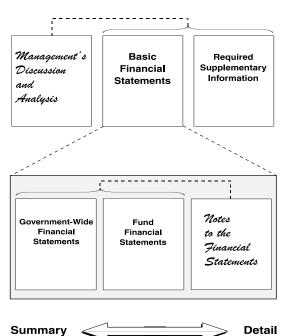
## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



Summary

information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets     Statement of activities	Balance sheet     Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of net assets  Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets  Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets     Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.

• Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$ 12,875,048 at August 31, 2020.

Grand Saline Independen	ıt Scho	ol District's Net	Position	Table A-1
		Governme Activitie	Total Percentage Change	
Assets:	-	2020	2019	2019-2020
Cash and Investments Other Assets Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	7,924,234 \$ 875,786 22,123,593	6,538,089 610,659 22,968,933	21.20% 43.42% -3.68%
Total Assets	\$	30,923,613		2.68%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,041,142	2,112,401	-3.37%
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	\$	709,572 \$ 14,499,079	523,017 16,211,989	35.67% -10.57%
Total Liabilities	\$	15,208,651		-9.12%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,881,056	4,343,543	12.37%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	15,640,749 \$ 244,229 (3,009,930)	5 15,054,933 471,332 (4,374,732)	3.89% -48.18% -31.20%
Total Net Position	\$	12,875,048		15.46%
		•		

Approximately \$ 244,229 of the District's restricted net position represent funds collected for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for debt retirement. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

## **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

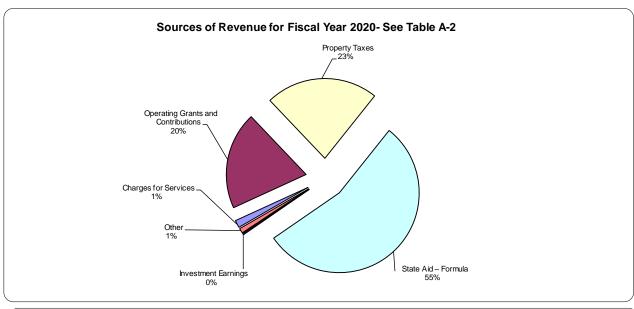
The District's total revenues were \$ 18,693,985, 23% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 75% comes from state aid and federal grants, while 2% relates to charges for services and other sources.

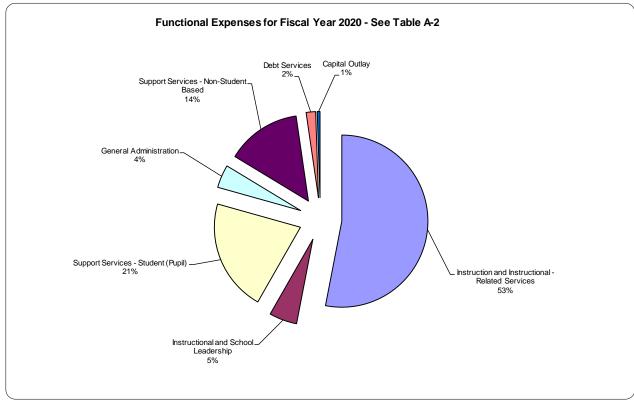
The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 14,970,470 . 53% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related staff and student services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 98.17%. The total collection rate (base tax plus penalty and interest) was 100.17%.

# **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

riotio Na	at Pacition	Table A-2
IICL S INC	et Position	Total
overnme	ental	Percentage
Activitie	es	Change
	2019	2019-2020
9,928	\$ 362,545	-31.06%
5,445	3,363,636	-2.03%
,	, ,	
7,676	3,559,502	6.97%
8,260	7,142,208	27.81%
7,817	46,523	2.78%
4,859	494,668	-66.67%
	\$ 14,969,082	11.52%
	· , , ,	
2,337	\$ 6,545,488	14.47%
0,261	148,518	41.57%
7,870	165,418	43.80%
0,346	242,193	-21.41%
0,899	564,727	4.63%
3,107	348,678	-1.60%
2,936	280,574	15.10%
0,228	223,952	51.92%
9,309	694,224	20.90%
1,844	1,052,010	24.70%
6,716	640,832	0.92%
4,877	2,055,020	-21.90%
1,883	51,339	40.02%
3,233	265,899	59.17%
6,370	308,002	-13.52%
8,254	75,025	4.30%
•	\$ 13,661,899	9.58%
2515 0	Ф 4 20 <del>7</del> 402	24 050/
3,515	\$ 1,307,183	31.85%
3,515	\$ 1,307,183	31.85%
1,533	\$ 9,844,350	13.28%
5,048	\$ 11,151,533	15.46%
,	1,533	1,533 \$ 9,844,350





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected functions' net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 14,817,239.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through local property taxes was only \$ 3,807,676.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$ 249,928, or
- By grants and contributions, \$ 3,295,455

Grand Saline Independent School District's Net Cost of Selected District Functions								Table A-3		
		Total Cost of	of Se	ervices 2019	% Change		Net Cost of	f Se	rvices 2019	% Change
Instruction School Leadership General Administration Plant Maintenance and Operations Debt Service	\$	7,492,337 590,899 646,716 1,604,877 266,370	\$	6,545,488 564,727 640,832 2,055,020 308,002	14.47% 4.63% 0.92% -21.90% -13.52%	\$	5,399,291 526,270 600,086 1,528,628 (26,906)	\$	4,143,424 513,014 599,947 1,921,900 186,421	30.31% 2.58% 0.02% -20.46% -114.43%

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$ 16,275,417, which represents a \$ 1,638,838 increase over the prior year revenues of \$ 14,636,579. This increase reflects increased state aid related to student enrollment and attendance.

Expenditures of governmental fund types totaled \$14,817,239 for the year. This is an increase of \$261,238 from the prior year total of \$14,556,001. The increase reflects additional payments for increased salaries to personnel related to state changes in HB3 as well as other generic operating cost increases.

# **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 802,977 below General Fund final budget amounts. The largest positive variances are reflective of lower than anticipated expenditures incurred in plant maintenance and operations.

Resources available were \$ 570,619 above the final General Fund budgeted amount. The favorable variance was due to better than anticipated local revenue as well as state revenue.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At year end, the District had invested \$ 36,307,147 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Grand S	ependent Scho	ol D	istrict's	Table A-4
	Govern Activ			Total Percentage Change 2019-2020
Land Buildings and Improvements Equipment Vehicles Construction in Progress	\$ 309,038 32,642,287 1,731,441 1,624,381	\$	309,038 32,603,317 1,566,418 1,605,662	0.00% 0.12% 10.54% 1.17% #DIV/0!
Totals at Historical Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 36,307,147 (14,183,554)	\$	36,084,435 (13,115,502)	0.62% 8.14%
Net Capital Assets	\$ 22,123,593	\$	22,968,933	-3.68%

# **DEBT**

At year end the District had \$ 6,738,000 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

**Bond Ratings -**The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Grand Saline Independent School District's Debt							
		Governmental Activities					
		2020		2019	2019-2020		
Bonds Payable Other Debt Payable	\$	4,893,000 1,845,000	\$	5,670,000 2,244,000	-13.70% -17.78%		
Total Debt Payable	\$	6,738,000	\$	7,914,000	-14.86%		

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$0.97 for maintenance and operations. District voters approved a tax cap of \$0.13 in a prior year to maximize allowed state funding (maximum allowed by state statute) to achieve needed local and state funding. The state funding was changed to provide state funds to replace the lost local property tax revenue. The State Legislature passed HB3 which included various changes to the property tax rate setting process thus limiting school district's opportunities for tax modifications and compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. The additional changes required under HB3 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be relatively slow. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2019-2021 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased significantly. With these increases, the state imposed requirements to spend at least 30% of the new funding on salaries to personnel with at least 75% of the 30% to be for teachers and other designated classes of employees. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

The global outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") presents various global risks. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. Management of the District is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, supplies, vendors, and industry. Given the evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the District is not able to estimate the effects, if any, of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations and financial condition.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Laura Griffith, Director of Finance for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

1

Data Control		Gow	ernmental
Codes	_	A	ctivities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	7,924,234
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		168,899
1240	Due from Other Governments		691,014
1250	Accrued Interest		811
1290	Other Receivables, Net		15,062
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		309,038
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		20,794,981
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		1,019,574
1000	Total Assets	<u></u> \$	30,923,613
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	\$	1,453,044
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		588,098
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,041,142
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	86,310
2140	Interest Payable	•	9,790
2165	Accrued Liabilities		425,330
2300	Unearned Revenues		188,142
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		,
2501	Due within one year		1,209,000
2502	Due in more than one year		5,529,000
2540	Net Pension Liability		2,899,578
2545	Net OPEB Liability		4,861,501
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	15,208,651
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	692,166
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB	φ	4,188,890
2000	200.000		.,,
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_\$	4,881,056
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investments in Capital Assets	\$	15,640,749
	Restricted For:		
3850	Debt Service		244,229
3900	Unrestricted		(3,009,930)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	12,875,048

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

1 3

			ı		3		4	R	et (Expense)
					Program	Revenu	ues	Cn	anges in Net Assets
Data					•		Operating		
Contro	ol			Cł	arges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	s Functions/Programs		Expenses	5	Services	C	ontributions		Activities
	-								
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	7,492,337	\$	-	\$	2,093,046	\$	(5,399,291)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		210,261		-		12,141		(198,120)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		237,870		-		18,653		(219,217)
21	Instructional Leadership		190,346		-		19,454		(170,892)
23	School Leadership		590,899		-		64,629		(526,270)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		343,107		-		24,623		(318,484)
33	Health Services		322,936		-		35,414		(287,522)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		340,228		-		17,463		(322,765)
35	Food Services		839,309		110,814		498,818		(229,677)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,311,844		139,114		52,816		(1,119,914)
41	General Administration		646,716		-		46,630		(600,086)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,604,877		-		76,249		(1,528,628)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		71,883		-		25,000		(46,883)
53	Data Processing Services		423,233		-		17,233		(406,000)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		264,620		-		293,276		28,656
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		1,750		-		-		(1,750)
99	Other Intergovernmental Activities		78,254		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(78,254)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,970,470	\$	249,928	\$	3,295,445	\$	(11,425,097)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	14,970,470	\$	249,928	\$	3,295,445	\$	(11,425,097)
		Ger	neral Revenues:						
MT		Pr	operty Taxes, L	evied for	General Purp	oses		\$	3,019,122
DT		Pr	operty Taxes, L	evied for	Debt Service				788,554
ΙE		Inv	estment Earnin	gs					47,817
GC		Gr	ants and Contril	butions	Not Restricted	to Spe	ecific Programs		9,128,260
MI		Mi	iscellaneous			•	-		164,859
TR		To	tal General Rev	enues				\$	13,148,612
CN		Cł	nange in Net Po	sition				\$	1,723,515
NB		Net	Position - Begin	nning (S	eptember 1)				11,151,533
NE		Net	Position - Endir	ng (Augi	ust 31)			\$	12,875,048

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		10 General	50 Debt Service	60 Capital Projects	Other Governmental	98 Total Governmental
Codes	_	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 7,605,787	\$ 147,035	\$ 255,156	\$ (142,248)	\$ 7,865,730
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	136,823	32,076	ψ 255,150 -	ψ (142,240) -	168,899
1240	Due from Other Governments	319,362	103,902	_	267,750	691,014
1250	Accrued Interest	811	100,502	_	201,100	811
1290	Other Receivables	11,934	3,128	_	_	15,062
1230	Other Receivables	11,504	5,120			13,002
1000	Total Assets	\$ 8,074,717	\$ 286,141	\$ 255,156	\$ 125,502	\$ 8,741,516
	LIABILITIES					
	Current Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 8,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,639	\$ 28,358
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	372,049	-	-	41,818	413,867
2200	Accrued Expenditures	7,202	-	-	4,261	11,463
2300	Unearned Revenue	151,671	32,122		4,349	188,142
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 539,641	\$ 32,122	\$ -	\$ 70,067	\$ 641,830
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2610	Deferred Property Taxes	\$ 136,823	\$ 32,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 168,899
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 136,823	\$ 32,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 168,899
	FUND BALANCES					
	Restricted Fund Balances:					
3470	Capital Acquisitons and Contractual Obligations	-	-	255,156	-	255,156
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	221,943	-	-	221,943
	Committed Fund Balances:					
3510	Construction	2,200,000	-	-	-	2,200,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	55,435	55,435
3600	Unassigned	5,198,253		<del>-</del>		5,198,253
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,398,253	\$ 221,943	\$ 255,156	\$ 55,435	\$ 7,930,787
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 8,074,717	\$ 286,141	\$ 255,156	\$ 125,502	\$ 8,741,516

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)

\$ 7,930,787

12,875,048

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net position

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	22,123,593
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	168,899
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNA.	552
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(4,893,000)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(9,790)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,845,000)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(2,899,578)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(692,166)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	1,453,044
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(4,861,501)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(4,188,890)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	588,098

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		10		50	60			98
Data				Debt	Capital		Other	Total
Contro	l	General		Service	Projects	Go	overnmental	Governmental
Codes	-	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 3,275,246	3 \$	788,054	\$ -	\$	203,694	\$ 4,266,994
5800	State Program Revenues	9,663,611	1	189,374	-		212,136	10,065,121
5900	Federal Program Revenues	254,289	<u> </u>	103,902	 		1,585,111	1,943,302
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 13,193,146	\$	1,081,330	\$ _	\$	2,000,941	\$ 16,275,417
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction	\$ 5,755,690	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,219,038	\$ 6,974,728
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	135,628	3	-	-		7,737	143,365
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	168,020	)	-	-		-	168,020
0021	Instructional Leadership	181,353	3	-	-		-	181,353
0023	School Leadership	561,083	3	-	-		-	561,083
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	308,216	3	-	-		22,157	330,373
0033	Health Services	289,073	3	-	-		17,340	306,413
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	201,185	5	-	-		-	201,185
0035	Food Services		-	-	-		719,770	719,770
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	931,623	3	-	-		92,457	1,024,080
0041	General Administration	563,960		-	-		-	563,960
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,612,387		-	-		25,843	1,638,230
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	45,755		-	-		25,000	70,755
0053	Data Processing Services	408,147		-	-		2,771	410,918
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	399,000		777,000	-		-	1,176,000
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	28,089	9	238,913	-		-	267,002
0073	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees		-	1,750	-		-	1,750
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	78,254	<u> </u>		 	_		78,254
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 11,667,463	<u> </u>	1,017,663	\$ -	\$	2,132,113	\$ 14,817,239
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
	Expenditures	\$ 1,525,683	3 \$	63,667	\$ -	\$	(131,172)	\$ 1,458,178
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7915	Transfers In		-	-	-		128,707	128,707
8911	Transfers Out	(128,707	7)					(128,707)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (128,707	7) \$	-	\$ -	\$	128,707	\$ -
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 1,396,976	5 \$	63,667	\$ -	\$	(2,465)	\$ 1,458,178
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	6,001,277	7	158,276	255,156		57,900	6,472,609
	3 3 1 7				 		<del></del>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

3000 Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)

<u>\$ 7,398,253</u> <u>\$ 221,943</u> <u>\$ 255,156</u> <u>\$ 55,435</u> <u>\$ 7,930,787</u>

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,458,178

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	222,712
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,068,052)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	3,665
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	777,000
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but not an expense in the SOA.	399,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	2,382
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	492
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	235,724
OPEB contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	79,036
OPEB Contributions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(56,374)
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(399,270)
Pension contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	239,281
Pension contributions deferred in the prior year were expended in the current year.	(170,259)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 1,723,515

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			
Control		I	nternal
Codes	<u> </u>	Ser	vice Fund
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	58,504
	Total Current Assets		58,504
1000	Total Assets	_\$	58,504
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	57,952
	Total Current Liabilities	\$	57,952
2000	Total Liabilities	_\$	57,952
	NET POSITION		
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	_\$	552
3000	Total Net Position	\$	552

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data					
Control		Ir	Internal		
Codes	<del>_</del>	Sen	Service Fund		
	OPERATING REVENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	_\$	88,432		
5020	Total Operating Revenues	_\$	88,432		
	OPERATING EXPENSES				
6100	Payroll Costs	\$	-		
6200	Professional and Contracted Services		-		
6400	Other Operating Costs		87,940		
		\$	-		
6030	Total Operating Expenses	\$	87,940		
1200	Change in Net Position	\$	492		
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning (September 1)		60		
3000	Total Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$	552		

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	nternal
	Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	 T UIIU
Cash Receipts from Quasi-External Operating Transfers	\$ 98,399
Cash Payments for Claims	(8,109)
Cash Payments for Administration/Reinsurance	 (31,846)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 58,444
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related	
Financing Activities:	
NONE	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
NONE	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
NONE	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$ 58,444
Cash and Investments - Beginning (September 1)	 60
Cash and Investments - Ending (August 31)	\$ 58,504
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 492
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	-
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	-
Increase (Decrease) in Claim Liability	 57,952
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 58,444

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		Private-Purpose		Agency		
Data		Trust Fund		Funds		
Control		Scholarship		Student		
Codes	<u>_</u>	Fu	Fund		gency	
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	6,054	\$	64,827	
1000	Total Assets	\$	6,054	\$	64,827	
	LIABILITIES					
2190	Due to Student Groups	_\$		\$	64,827	
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>		\$	64,827	
	NET POSITION					
3800	Held in Trust	_\$	6,054	\$		
3000	Total Net Position	_ \$	6,054	\$	<u>-</u>	

# GRAND SALINEINDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		Private-Purpose			
		Trus	t Fund		
Data		Scholarship			
Control		Fi	und		
Codes					
	_				
	REVENUES				
5742	Investment Earnings - Interest Revenue	\$	73		
5744	Donations		5,901		
5020	Total Revenues	\$	5,974		
	EXPENSES				
6400	Scholarship Payments	_\$	<u>-</u>		
6030	Total Expenses	\$			
1200	Changes in Net Position	\$	5,974		
0100	Net Position - Beginning (September 1)		80		
0.00	Jog				
3000	Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$	6,054		

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Grand Saline Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (Guide). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

# Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

## 2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Project Fund – This fund accounts for the District's capital construction activities. The district transferred general resources to provide the financing for the projects.

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self insured workers compensation and self insured technology repair activities.

Agency Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

#### Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

#### 4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-
Special Revenue Fund	-0-
Debt Service Fund	 -0-
Total	\$ -0-

#### Financial Statement Amounts

#### Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total
Restricted					
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-	221,943	-	-	221,943
Capital Projects	-	-	255,156	-	255,156
Childrens Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Committed					
Contruction	2,200,000	-	-	-	2,200,000
Senior Scholarship Fund	-	-	-	380	380
Campus Activity Funds	-	-	-	55,055	55,055
Unassigned	5,198,253				5,198,253
Totals	\$ 7,398,253	\$ 221,943	\$ 255,156	\$ 55,435	\$ 7,930,787

#### <u>Inventories</u>

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and food products. Under this method, supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

#### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

#### **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future period and not reported as liabilities.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

#### 7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### 8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### 9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

#### 10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 13. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### 14. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

#### B. Deposits, Securities and Investments

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The PFIA governs the District's investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

Certifictes

District investments include investments in TexPool and money market accounts. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	Credit Rating	Fair Value		
TexPool Certificates of Deposit Money Market Deposit Accounts	AAAm N/A N/A	\$	258,864 2,117,687 4,849,025	
Totals		\$	7,225,576	

#### B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

#### **TexPool**

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to Texpool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates the market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$4,179,016 and occurred in January 2020. The market value of bonds or other securities used to secure cash on the date of the highest combined cash balance was \$4,448,640. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000. Austin Bank, Grand Saline, Texas; is the District's depository.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

#### f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

		Fair Value Measurement Using				
		Quoted Prices in	Quoted Prices in Significant		Significant	
		Active Markers for		Other	Unobservable	
		Identical Assets	Obse	ervable Inputs	Inputs	
Investment by Fair Value Level	Fair Value	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Certificates of Deposit	\$2,117,687	-	\$	2,117,687	-	
TexPool	258,864	-		258,864	-	
Money Market Deposit Accounts	4.849.025	-		4.849.025	-	

The fair value of the certificates of deposit at year end was determined based on level 2 inputs. The District estimated the fair value of these investments using inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

The Districts investments in the various local government investment pools is not required to be measured at fair value but is measured at amortized cost.

#### C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 1.0683 to fund general operations and \$ 0.28 for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 281,649,432. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 25% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

#### D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 309,038	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 309,038
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 309,038	-	\$	-	\$ 309,038
Capital Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 32,603,317 1,566,418 1,605,662	\$ 38,970 165,023 18,719	\$	- - -	\$ 32,642,287 1,731,441 1,624,381
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$ 35,775,397	\$ 222,712	\$	-	\$ 35,998,109
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$ 10,953,081 1,009,218 1,153,203	\$ 894,225 98,157 75,670	\$		\$ 11,847,306 1,107,375 1,228,873
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 13,115,502	\$ 1,068,052	\$	-	\$ 14,183,554
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$ 22,659,895	\$ (845,340)	\$	-	\$ 21,814,555
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,968,933	\$ (845,340)	\$	-	\$ 22,123,593

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 286,376
Instructional Resources and Media Services	61,238
Instructional leadership	61,238
Student (Pupil) Transportation	130,924
Food Services	96,381
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	261,397
General Administration	61,238
Plant Maintenance and Operations	103,769
Security and Monitoring Services	1,128
Data Processing	 4,363
Total	\$ 1,068,052

#### E. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

#### Long-term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,670,000	\$ -	\$ 777,000	\$ 4,893,000	\$ 802,000
Loans Payable	2,244,000	-	399,000	1,845,000	407,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,914,000	\$ -	\$ 1,176,000	\$ 6,738,000	\$ 1,209,000

#### E. <u>Long-term Obligations (Continued)</u>

#### **Bonds**

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make semi-annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Value		Outstanding Amount	
Unlimited Tax Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2010 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	5.55% 3.65% to 7.5%	\$ 5,000,000 6,405,000	\$	1,748,000 3,145,000	
Totals			\$	4,893,000	

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending				Total
August 31	 Principal	Interest		equirements
2021	\$ 802,000	\$ 203,503	\$	1,005,503
2022	828,000	167,181		995,181
2023	865,000	129,708		994,708
2024	886,000	91,120		977,120
2025	917,000	51,565		968,565
2026-2030	 595,000	10,859		605,859
Totals	\$ 4,893,000	\$ 653,936	\$	5,546,936

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year end.

#### Loans

The District issued various agreements identified here as loans. These loans include financing arrangements including maintenance tax notes.

Loan terms require annual principal and interest payments over the life of the loan. The loan is for 10 years, with final payment date of February 2029.

The following schedule lists the outstanding loans at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Value	Outstanding Amount		
QZAB Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2013 Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2018	0.00% 2.59%	\$ 1,100,000 1,530,000	\$	900,000 945,000	
Totals			\$	1,845,000	

#### E. <u>Long-term Obligations (Continued)</u>

Maturity requirement on the loans at year end are as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Principal		Interest	Total Requirements		
2021	\$	407,000	\$	20,500	\$	427,500
2022		415,000		12,445		427,445
2023		423,000		4,183		427,183
2024		100,000		-		100,000
2025		100,000		-		100,000
2026-2030		400,000		-		400,000
Totals	\$	1,845,000	\$	37,128	\$	1,882,128

#### F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2019 and 2018.

Net Pension Liability		2019	 2018
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	209,961,325,288 (157,978,199,075)	\$ 209,611,328,793 (154,568,901,833)
Net Pension Liabilty	\$	51,983,126,213	\$ 55,042,426,960
Net Position as percentage of Pension Liability		75.24%	73.74%

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan</u>

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13<sup>th</sup> check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$ 2,000, whichever was less.

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	<b>Contribution Rates</b>			
		2019	2020	_
Member		7.7%	7.7%	_
Non-Employer	6.8%	7.5%		
Employers		6.8%	7.5%	
Current Year	Employer Contributions		\$	239,281
Current year	Member Contributions		\$	565,339
Measurement Period	NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	346,146

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.5% on all covered payroll.

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019 Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Asset Valuation Method Market Value Single Discount Rate 7 25% Long-term expected Investment Rate 7 25% Inflation 2.30% Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05% Benefit Changes during the year None Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None Municipal Bond Rate 2.63% Ending year in Projection Period 2116

The actuarial assumptions used in this determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. A full description of the assumptions are included with the report dated November 9, 2018.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as August 31, 2019 are summarized on the following page:

	FY 2019 Target Allocation <sup>1</sup>	New Target Allocation <sup>2</sup>	Long -Term Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	%	%	Rate of Return <sup>3</sup>
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	-
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries <sup>4</sup>	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds <sup>4</sup>	3.0%		
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources and Inf	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	5.0%	8.0%	5.8%/6.5% <sup>5</sup>
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage		-6.0%	2.70%
Expected Return	100%	100.0%	7.23%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocations as of FY2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocations to be implemented FY2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation.

This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 – percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease in Discount Rate Discount Rate			1% Increase in		
	Dis				Discount Rate		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4.457.073	\$	2.899.578	\$	1.637.707	

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$2,899,578 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,899,578
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 5,141,109
Total	\$ 8,040,687

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0055779222%, which was an increase of 0.0000119655% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

#### 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following changes have occurred to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affects measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- a. The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- b. With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$ 2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- c. The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13<sup>th</sup> check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$ 2,000, whichever is less.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 1,377,125 and revenue of \$ 807,596 for support provided by the State.

#### F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$ 12,181	\$	100,678	
Changes of actuarial assumptions  Differences between projected and actual investment earnings  Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	899,592 29,116		371,754 -	
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 272,874		219,734	
Total as of August 31, 2019 measurement date	1,213,763		692,166	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 239,281			
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 1,453,044	\$	692,166	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending				
August 31	Amount			
2021	\$	167,045		
2022		129,659		
2023		125,273		
2024		108,559		
2025		17,508		
Thereafter		(26,447)		

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

#### 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

Description		2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	48,583,247,239 (1,292,022,349)	\$ 50,729,490,103 798,574,633
Net OPEB Liability	\$	47,291,224,890	\$ 49,930,915,470
Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		2.66%	1.57%

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The TRS Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the table below:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates					
	Medi	care	Non M	ledicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family	1	,020		999	

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

#### **Contribution Rates**

		2019	2	020
Active Employee		0.65%	0.0	65%
Non-Employer Contrib	uting Entity (State)	1.25%	1.3	25%
Employers		0.75%	0.7	75%
Federal/Private Fundin	g remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.:	25%
Current Year	Employer Contributions		\$	79,036
Current Year	Member Contributions		\$	47,723
Meansurement Period	NECE On-Behalf Contribu	utions	\$	96,940

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 15.6 million in fiscal year 2017, \$ 212 million in fiscal year 2018 and \$ 73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2017.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using scale BB. The past retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability

#### Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 2.63%

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

General Inflation

Salary Increases

Wage Inflation

Payroll Growth Rate 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65

and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discountinue coverage at age

65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than and less 1% less than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1%	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in		
	Dis	scount Rate	Discount Rate		Discount Rat			
						_		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,869,392	\$	4,861,501	\$	4,073,028		

#### 8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.5%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	Current Healthcare						
	19	6 Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,965,843	\$	4,861,501	\$	6,061,274	

### 9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$ 4,861,501 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	4,861,501
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		6,459,848
	·	
Total	\$	11,321,349

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0102799233%, which was a decrease of 0.0002032628% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurements of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- a. Discount rate decreased from 3.69% to 2.63%.
- b. The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. Post-65 retirees participation rate was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65. This was not considered in previous calculations.
- c. Healthcare trend rates were reset.
- d. The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%.
- e. Participation assumption for surviving spouses that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%.

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the current year, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ (9,095) and revenue of \$ 170,255 for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	238,498 270,019 525	\$	795,533 1,307,625		
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		20		2,085,732		
Total as of August 31, 2019 measurement date	\$	509,062	\$	4,188,890		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	-	79,036		<u>-</u>		
Total at fiscal year end	\$	588,098	\$	4,188,890		

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31	Amount
2021	\$ (562,577)
2022	(562,577)
2023	(562,746)
2024	(562,844)
2025	(562,817)
Thereafter	(866,267)

#### H. <u>Medicare Part D Coverage</u>

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 34,582, \$ 24,743, and \$ 21,915, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

#### I. Risk Management

#### Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 275 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and Aetna is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the year ended December 31, 2019 and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records

#### I. Risk Management (Continued)

#### Workers Compensation

The District participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$68,126 for the 19-20 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$31,846 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims administration is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$ 225,000. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$57,952 includes \$26,569 of incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the periods of 2020 and 2019 are represented below:

	 2020	 2019
Beginning Claims Liability	\$ 79,510	\$ 76,212
Claims Incurred (Reduced)	(13,449)	16,545
Claim Payments	 (8,109)	 (13,247)
Ending Claims Liability	\$ 57,952	\$ 79,510

#### **Unemployment Compensation Pool**

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### J. Litigation

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of August 31, 2020.

#### K. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

The global outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") presents various global risks. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. Management of the District is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, supplies, vendors, and industry. Given the evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the District is not able to estimate the effects, if any, of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations and financial condition.

#### M. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources in the Districts individual major funds and aggregate non-major funds consisting of the following:

	Debt				Capital	Other					
		General		Service		Projects		Gov	overnmental		Totals
Property Tax Collections	\$	3,017,949	\$	786,060	\$		-	\$	-	\$	3,804,009
Investment Income		52,792		1,994			-		119		54,905
Tuition and Fees		-		-			-		-		-
Food Service Income		-		-			-		110,812		110,812
Gifts and Bequests		-		-			-		380		380
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		30,177		-			-		92,383		122,560
Rent		16,554		-			-		-		16,554
Other		157,774		-			-		-		157,774
					_			_			
Totals	\$	3,275,246	\$	788,054	\$		-	\$	203,694	\$	4,266,994

#### N. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			Debt		Capital			Other		
	 General		Service		Projects		Governmenta			Totals
Due from Other Governments	\$ 319,362	\$	103,902	\$		-	\$	267,750	\$	691,014
Property Taxes Receivable	144,024		33,764			-		-		177,788
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible						-		-		
Property Taxes	(7,201)		(1,688)			-		-		(8,889)
Other	 12,745		3,128			-		-		15,873
Net Receivables	\$ 468,930	\$	139,106	\$		-	\$	267,750	\$	875,786

#### O. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after August 31, 2020 up through January 11, 2021 the date the financial statements were issued.

#### P. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	 Available	F	oundation	 IFA	EDA		
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Year Settle Ups - TEA August Instructional Days Change	\$ 325,755 - 14,583	\$	8,732,535 (3,659) 59,046	\$ 43,185 - -	\$	144,621 1,568 -	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 340,338	\$	8,787,922	\$ 43,185	\$	146,189	
Financial Statement Amounts SOF Receivable (Overpayment) * August Instructional Days Receivable	\$ - 14,583	\$	(151,671) 304,779	\$ (13,674) -	\$	(18,448)	

<sup>\*</sup> Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

#### Q. <u>Compliance, Stewardship, and Accountability</u>

#### Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations at functional expenditure level

	Budget	Actual	Excess		
General Fund:					
Cocurricular/Extracorricular Activities	\$ 869,218	\$ 931,623	\$	62,405	

#### R. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the year consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
General	Food Service	\$ 128,707	Cover Annual Deficit

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contr	ol	EAR EN	DED AUGUST 3  Budgeted	unts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Code	S		Original	 Final		Actual	(	Negative)	
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	3,119,063 9,193,812 450,000	\$ 3,119,061 9,053,466 450,000	\$	3,275,246 9,663,611 254,289	\$	156,185 610,145 (195,711)	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	12,762,875	\$ 12,622,527	\$	13,193,146	\$	570,619	
0011 0012 0013		\$	6,390,723 150,321 173,769	\$ 6,072,227 147,802 181,713	\$	5,755,690 135,628 168,020	\$	316,537 12,174 13,693	
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	6,714,813	\$ 6,401,742	\$	6,059,338	\$	342,404	
0021 0023	·	\$	233,934 525,453	\$ 202,217 606,130	\$	181,353 561,083	\$	20,864 45,047	
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	_\$_	759,387	\$ 808,347	_\$_	742,436	\$	65,911	
0031 0033 0034 0035	Student (Pupil) Transportation	\$	347,846 298,180 392,490	\$ 323,077 295,470 303,544	\$	308,216 289,073 201,185	\$	14,861 6,397 102,359	
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		869,218	 869,218		931,623		(62,405)	
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	1,907,734	\$ 1,791,309	\$	1,730,097	\$	61,212	
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration	\$	595,598	\$ 592,644	\$	563,960	\$	28,684	
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	595,598	\$ 592,644	\$	563,960	\$	28,684	
0051 0052 0053	,	\$	1,781,953 69,300 272,604	\$ 1,794,007 69,300 505,837	\$	1,612,387 45,755 408,147	\$	181,620 23,545 97,690	
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$	2,123,857	\$ 2,369,144	\$	2,066,289	\$	302,855	
0071 0072 0073	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	\$	399,000 30,000	\$ 399,000 30,000	\$	399,000 28,089	\$	- 1,911 -	
	Total Debt Service	\$	429,000	\$ 429,000	\$	427,089	\$	1,911	
099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$	80,400	\$ 78,254	\$	78,254	\$		
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$	80,400	\$ 78,254	\$	78,254	\$	-	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	12,610,789	\$ 12,470,440	_\$_	11,667,463	\$	802,977	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	152,086	\$ 152,086	\$	1,525,683	\$	1,373,596	
8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out		(152,086)	(152,086)		(128,707)		(23,379)	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(152,086)	\$ (152,086)	\$	(128,707)	\$	(23,379)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,396,976	\$	1,396,976	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)		6,001,277	 6,001,277		6,001,277			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	6,001,277	\$ 6,001,277	\$	7,398,253	\$	1,396,976	

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		2019*	2018*		2017*		2016*		2015*			2014*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0055779222%	0.0	0055659567%	0.	0064619802%	0.0	062688111%	0	.006416900%	0.0	036615000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,899,578	\$	3,063,638	\$	2,066,193	\$	2,368,890	\$	2,268,289	\$	978,038
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		5,141,109		5,738,958		3,899,204		4,589,108		4,454,264		3,802,313
Total	\$	8,040,687	\$	8,802,596	\$	5,965,397	\$	6,957,998	\$	6,722,553	\$	4,780,351
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	6,440,343	\$	6,391,498	\$	7,075,291	\$	6,715,192	\$	6,605,266	\$	6,407,456
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		45.02%		47.93%		29.20%		35.28%		34.34%		15.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	2019		2019		2018		2017	2016		 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 239,281	\$	170,259	\$	165,175	\$	211,785	\$	199,167	\$ 188,880
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (239,281)		(170,259)		(165,175)		(211,785)		(199,167)	 (188,880)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 7,342,062	\$	6,440,343	\$	6,391,498	\$	7,075,291	\$	6,715,192	\$ 6,605,266
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.26%		2.64%		2.58%		2.99%		2.97%	2.86%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	2019*	2018*	2017 *
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0102799233%	0.0104831861%	0.0114599162%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,861,501	\$ 5,234,351	\$ 6,345,349
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	6,459,848	5,267,370	5,440,590
Total	\$ 11,321,349	\$ 10,501,721	\$ 11,785,939
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 6,440,343	\$ 6,391,498	\$ 7,075,291
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	75.49%	81.90%	89.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only three plementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 79,036	\$ 56,374	\$ 55,195
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (79,036)	 (56,374)	 (55,195)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 7,342,062	\$ 6,440,343	\$ 6,391,498
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1.08%	0.88%	0.86%

Note: Only three years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### 1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions:

- a. The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- b. With the enactment of HB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$ 2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- c. The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13<sup>th</sup> check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$ 2,000, whichever is less.

#### 2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period. However, the Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for increased contributions from the state, participating employers and active employees to ensure the pension fund is actuarially sound. Because of this legislation, the fund was declared actuarily sound and an additional benefit disbursement was made to all eligible members.

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

#### 1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions.

- a. The discount rate changed from 3.69% to 2.63%.
- b. The participation rate for the pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation.
- c. The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.
- d. The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%.

#### 2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		1	2	3	10	20	30		30a	40	50
Tax		Tax R	ates	_ Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current				Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended		Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintenan	e Deb	ot Service	Year's	Balance
Year	August 31	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	9/1/2019	Total Levy	Tax Collecti	ons Tax (	Collections	Adjustments	8/31/2020
XXXX	2011 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 8,832	\$	- \$	932 \$	166	\$ (2,740)	\$ 4,994
2011	2012	0.983400	0.358300	220,809,773	3,545		-	461	168	(111)	2,805
2012	2013	1.023400	0.300000	223,187,420	4,176		- 1,	098	322	(128)	2,628
2013	2014	1.170000	0.153440	222,938,579	4,794		-	956	125	(129)	3,584
2014	2015	1.170000	0.153400	224,217,913	6,671		- 1,	508	198	(129)	4,836
2015	2016	1.170000	0.153400	220,697,816	15,395		- 5,	136	673	(127)	9,459
2016	2017	1.170000	0.210000	229,045,861	18,845		- 5,	001	898	(137)	12,809
2017	2018	1.170000	0.280000	236,774,037	32,189		- 5,	232	1,252	(2,885)	22,820
2018	2019	1.17000	0.280000	248,454,567	79,484		- 23,	398	5,600	(13,785)	36,701
2019	2020	1.06830	0.280000	281,649,432	-	3,797,47	9 2,911,	681	763,148	(45,499)	77,151
1000	TOTALS			=	\$ 173,931	\$ 3,797,47	9 \$ 2,955,	403 \$	772,550	\$ (65,670)	\$ 177,787

# GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data									iance with al Budget
Control			Budgeted	ounts				Positive	
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	144,100	\$	144,100	\$	110,931	\$	(33,169)
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	24,100	*	24,100	Ψ	28,163	*	4,063
5900	Federal Program Revenues		457,400	_	457,400		451,969		(5,431)
5020	Total Revenues	\$	625,600	\$	625,600	\$	591,063	\$	(34,537)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services	\$	777,686	\$	777,686	\$	719,770	\$	57,916
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	777,686	\$	777,686	\$	719,770	\$	57,916
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	777,686	\$	777,686	\$	719,770	\$	57,916
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(152,086)	\$	(152,086)	\$	(128,707)	\$	23,379
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
7915	Transfers in	_\$_	152,086	\$	152,086	\$	128,707	\$	(23,379)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	152,086	_	152,086		128,707		(23,379)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (August 31)	<u>\$</u>		\$	-	\$		\$	

## GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro Codes		_	Budgeted Original	d Amo	ounts Final	 Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	755,845	\$	755,845	\$ 788,054	\$	32,209
5800	State Program Revenues		158,666		158,666	189,374		30,708
5900	Federal Program Revenues		103,902		103,902	 103,902		
5020	Total Revenues	\$	1,018,413	\$	1,018,413	\$ 1,081,330	\$	62,917
0071 0072 0073	EXPENDITURES  Debt Service:  Principal on Long-term Debt  Interest on Long-term Debt  Debt Issuance Costs and Fees  Total Debt Service	\$	777,000 238,913 2,500 1,018,413	\$	777,000 238,913 2,500 1,018,413	\$ 777,000 238,913 1,750 1,017,663	\$	- - 750 750
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	1,018,413	\$	1,018,413	\$ 1,017,663	\$	750
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$		\$		\$ 63,667	\$	63,667
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,667	\$	63,667
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)		158,276		158,276	 158,276		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	158,276	\$	158,276	\$ 221,943	\$	63,667

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		Response
<u>SF1</u>	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
<u>SF2</u>	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and / other sources information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
<u>SF3</u>	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments).	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
<u>SF4</u>	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the shool district is considered to have been inssued a warrant hold.	No
<u>SF5</u>	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
<u>SF7</u>	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school districts fical year-end?	Yes
<u>SF8</u>	Did the school board members discuss the school districts property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(01) Federal Grantor/	(02) Federal	(02A) Pass-Through	(03)
Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			<u> </u>
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:			
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA-B Formula	84.027	206600012349046000	226,212
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	206610012349046000	2,511
IDEA-B Discretionary	84.027	66002006	100,428
Total Special Education Cluster			329,151
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs*	84.010	20610101234904	369,949
ESSA Title I Part D - Delinquent*	84.010	20610103234904	33,339
Total CFDA 84.010			403,288
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	20694501234904	40,093
ESSA Title III Part A - ELA	84.365	20671001234904	14,088
ESSA Title IV Part A Subpart I	84.424	20680101234904	27,724
ESSA Title IV Part B - Rural Low Income	84.358	20696001234904	8,452
Instructional Continuity	84.377	17610740234904	18,000
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)	84.425	20521001234904	292,346
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			1,133,142
Total Department of Education			\$ 1,133,142
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	0600	\$ 121,655
National School Lunch Program	10.555	0600	291,437
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			413,092
USDA Food Commodity Distribution	10.565	091012A	38,877
Total Department of Agriculture			451,969
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$ 1,585,111

\*Major Programs

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this statement.

#### GRAND SALINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Grand Saline Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### B. <u>Food Distribution</u>

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at August 31, 2020.

#### C. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$	1,585,111
SHARS Funding Federal Interest Rebate (QSCB)	_	254,289 103,902
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$	1,943,302